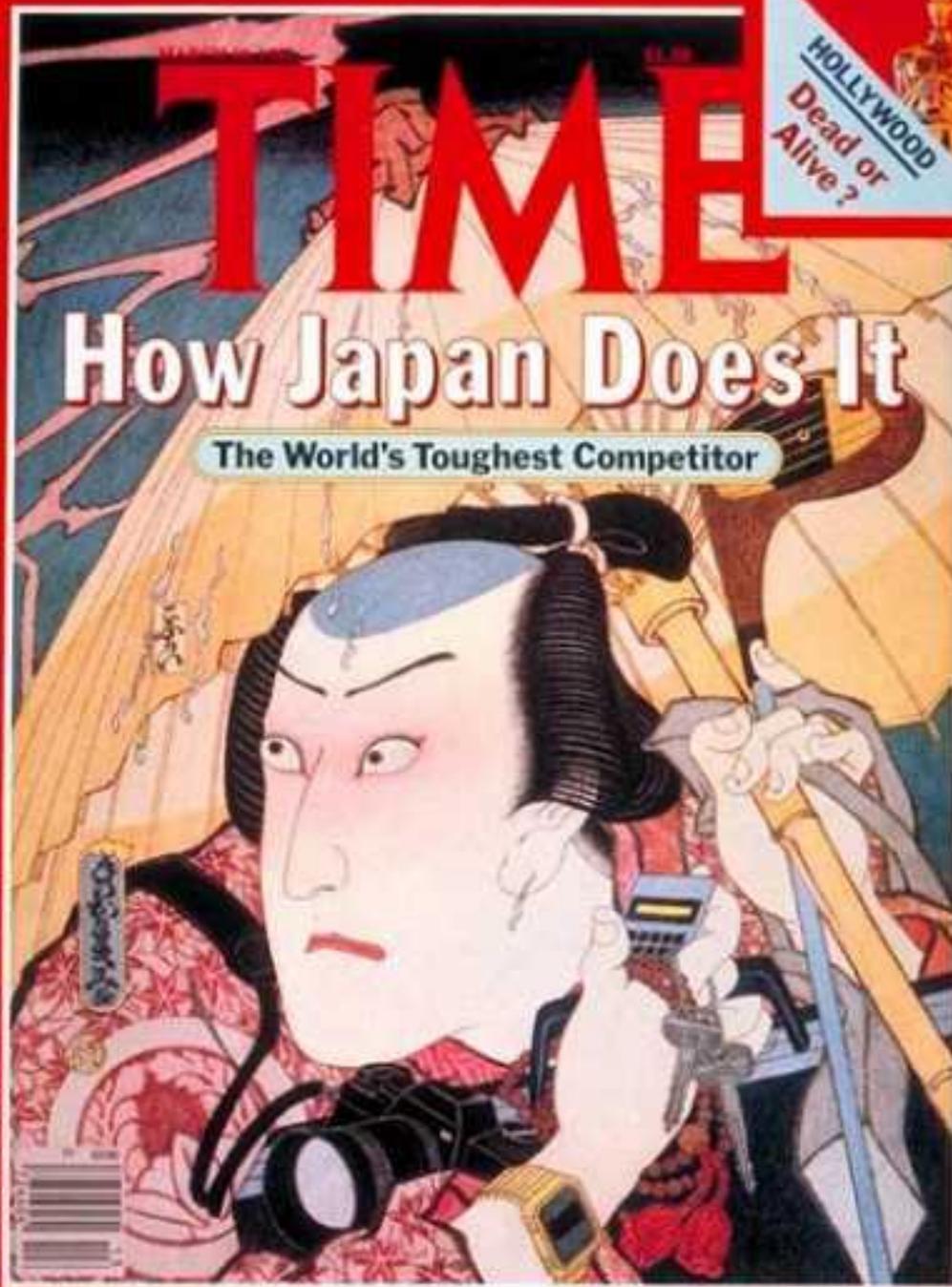


# Japanese Economy

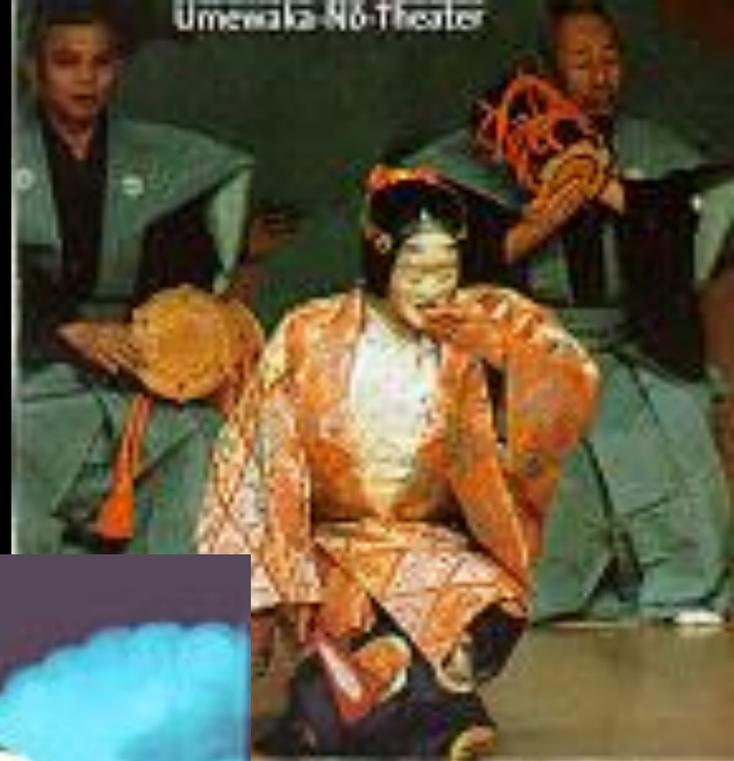
- **1920s—Rise in mass consumerism**
- **Zaibatsu = corporate conglomerates; gov. support**
  - Most of the industry in their hands
  - 1930s 4 largest zaibatsu (including Mitsubishi) controlled 21% of banking
- **1930s—industrial manufacturers were entering international trade market**
- **Anti-Western feelings during Great Depression**
- **B/f WWII, Japan's empire supplied it w/ food & raw materials**
  - Korean peasants forced to produce rice for export to Japan
- **After WWII: “Economic Miracle”**
  - Able to recover economically b/c industrialized
  - U.S. was protector, so little of their economy went to defense—\$\$ to rebuild industry
  - Total destruction of indust. plants actually promoted faster dev. (not hindered by old techn.)
  - 1960s-70s—production of automobiles & electronics in Japan cut into U.S. & Western European manufacturing



1981

# Japanese Society

- **1920s:**
  - **Film industry became popular**
  - **2<sup>nd</sup>ary education for more students**
- **Post-WWII—U.S. occupation:**
  - **Women suffrage**
  - **Abolished Shintoism as state religion**
  - **Preserved respect for their elders by creating a social security syst. for elderly**
  - **Baseball became popular**
- **End of U.S. occupation:**
  - **Japanese gov. began asserting more control over citizens**
  - **Control over content of student textbooks**
  - **Traditions continued: Kabuki, tea ceremony, & No theater**
- **Today:**
  - **Japanese workers schedules had less leisure time than West**
  - **Younger gener. less willing to conform to traditional roles**
  - **Women in traditional roles of homemaker & childrearing roles**
    - **Desire for more gender equality**



# Japanese Politics

- **Mid-1920s—military leaders began to take stronger role in government**
  - **Military leaders reported to emperor**
- **WWII:**
  - **“Rape of Nanjing” Dec. 1937—invasion of China**
    - **Massacre of 300,000 civilians**
  - **1938—Japan controlled: Manchuria, Korea, Taiwan**
- **After WWII:**
  - **Occupied by U.S. (to prevent military aggression again)**
    - **General Douglas MacArthur worked to tear down Japan’s wartime political structure**
    - **U.S. invested in military & economy**
  - **Shintoism abolished as state religion**
  - **New constitution w/ parliament (diet) as supreme gov. body**
  - **Emperor = figurehead**



**MacArthur & Emperor Hirohito**

# Korea

- **Under Japanese rule: (1910-1945)**
  - **1908—replaced Korean king w/ his feeble-minded son**
  - **1909—Japan abolished Korean monarchy**
  - **Disrupted Korean traditions**
    - **Korean-lang. newspapers banned**
    - **Korean teachers required to wear Japanese uniforms & carry swords**
    - **Japanese money, measurements, lang. intro.**
    - **Peasants produced rice for export to Japan**
  - **Colonial status until 1945**
- **After WWII:**
  - **Korea divided b/w Russian zone in north & U.S. zone in south**

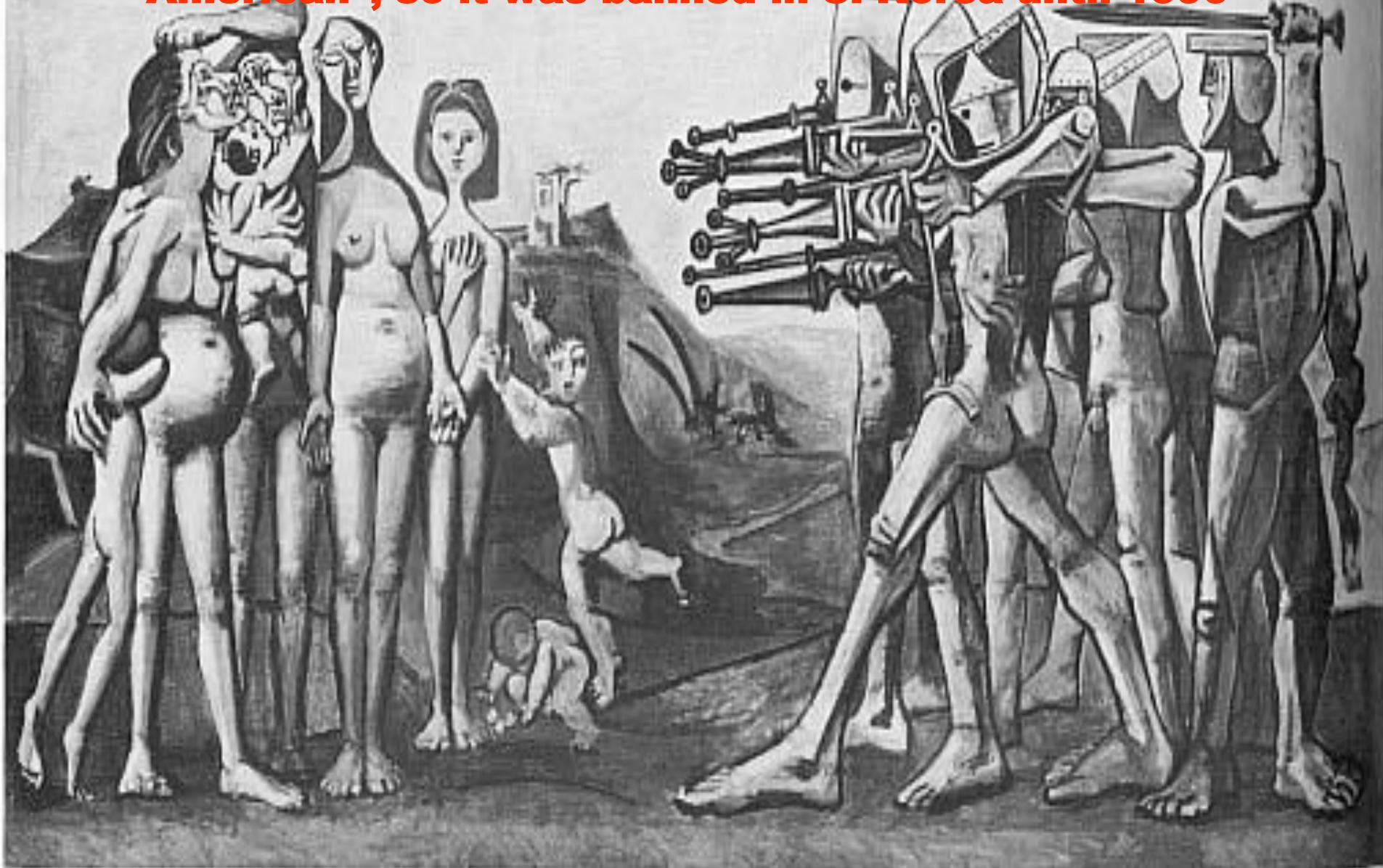
# Korean War

- **1948—b/c USSR and US couldn't agree on reunification—creation of North Korea & South Korea**
  - North Korea—became communist w/ Stalin-type leader
  - South Korea—parliamentary gov. (but very authoritarian)
- **June 1950—North Korea attacked South Korea (hoping to unify)**
  - Truman got U.N. (mainly Am. troops) to support South Korea
    - U.S. “police action”—called Korean Conflict
  - China supported N. Korea (& later USSR)
- **1952—front stabilized near original border (38 parallel)**
- **1954—treaty**
- **1<sup>st</sup> armed confrontation of Cold War**
- **South Korea con't. to be authoritarian**
  - Today—democratic republic



# **“Massacre in Korea”—Picasso**

**--shows violence against civilians; deemed painting as “anti-American”, so it was banned in S. Korea until 1990**





# Demilitarized Zone (DMZ)



# North Koreans observing South Korean DMZ





DMZ 전시관

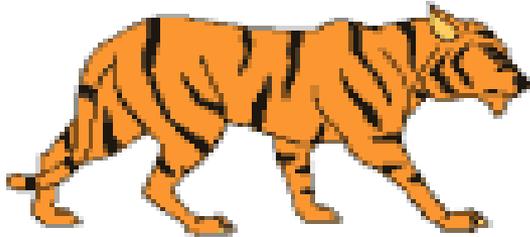
DMZ P  
DMZ A  
DMZ P  
←

**3<sup>rd</sup> Tunnel to be discovered (1978)—from N. Korea to S. Korea  
built by N. Korea for a surprise attack  
total of 4 discovered, but rumors of over 20 of them  
S. Korea constantly searches DMZ for more tunnels**



# South Korean Economy

- **Mid-1950s—Gov. emphasis on economic growth**
- **Huge industrial firms created (w/ gov. & entrepreneurs)**
  - Hyundai, LG Corp., Samsung
- **One of the “Little Tigers”**



# **North Korea**

- **Led by Kim Il-Song until 1994—the “eternal president”**
  - **Stalinistic & ruthless oppressor**
- **Kim Jong-II ruled from 1994-2011**
  - **Considered one of worse human rights violators**
    - **Camp 22—50,000 political prisoners**
  - **Refer to him as “dear leader”—personality cult**
- **4<sup>th</sup> largest military in world (25% of pop.)**
- **System of spying, thought-control, isolation, and terror**
- **Ec. struggled during 1990s after fall of USSR**
- **Since 2000 been at odds with U.S., Japan, & South Korea**
- **Technically North & South Korea still at war**
- **Kim Jong Un—2011-present**

# 21<sup>st</sup> Century Timeline

- **2000—Both north & south want reunification**
- **2006 conducted 1<sup>st</sup> nuclear test**
- **2007—agreed to shut down main nuclear facility in exchange for fuel aid & normalizing talks w/ U.S. & Japan**
- **2009—conducted 2<sup>nd</sup> nuclear test**
- **2010—bombed South Korean island killing 4**
- **2012—Launched science and technology satellite**
- **2018—Olympics—North & South Korea marched in together**
- **April 2018—N. & S. leaders meet—agree to official end Korean War within a year**
- **Feb. 2019—Pres. Trump met with Kim to discuss dismantling of nuclear weapons in both Koreas—failed to make agreement**

**Suspicion abounds that Pyongyang has repeatedly practiced food deceit, diverting aid (*KoreaTimes*) meant for the starving to the country's military and political elite. In a May 20 letter to the State Department, four senators wrote that the country had cut spending on food imports by 40 percent but not cut spending on ballistic missile programs or imports of luxury items. "North Korea would not lack food if its leadership wanted to purchase it," the letter said.**

**Council on Foreign Relations  
June 2, 2011**

**“A regime that maims its own people with impunity cannot be trusted to keep its agreements with foreigners. Thus, solving the North Korean human rights issue is also an integral part of addressing the North Korean security threat.”**

**U.S. Rep. Ileana Ros-Lehtinen,  
Chairman of the House Foreign Affairs  
Committee March 22, 2012**

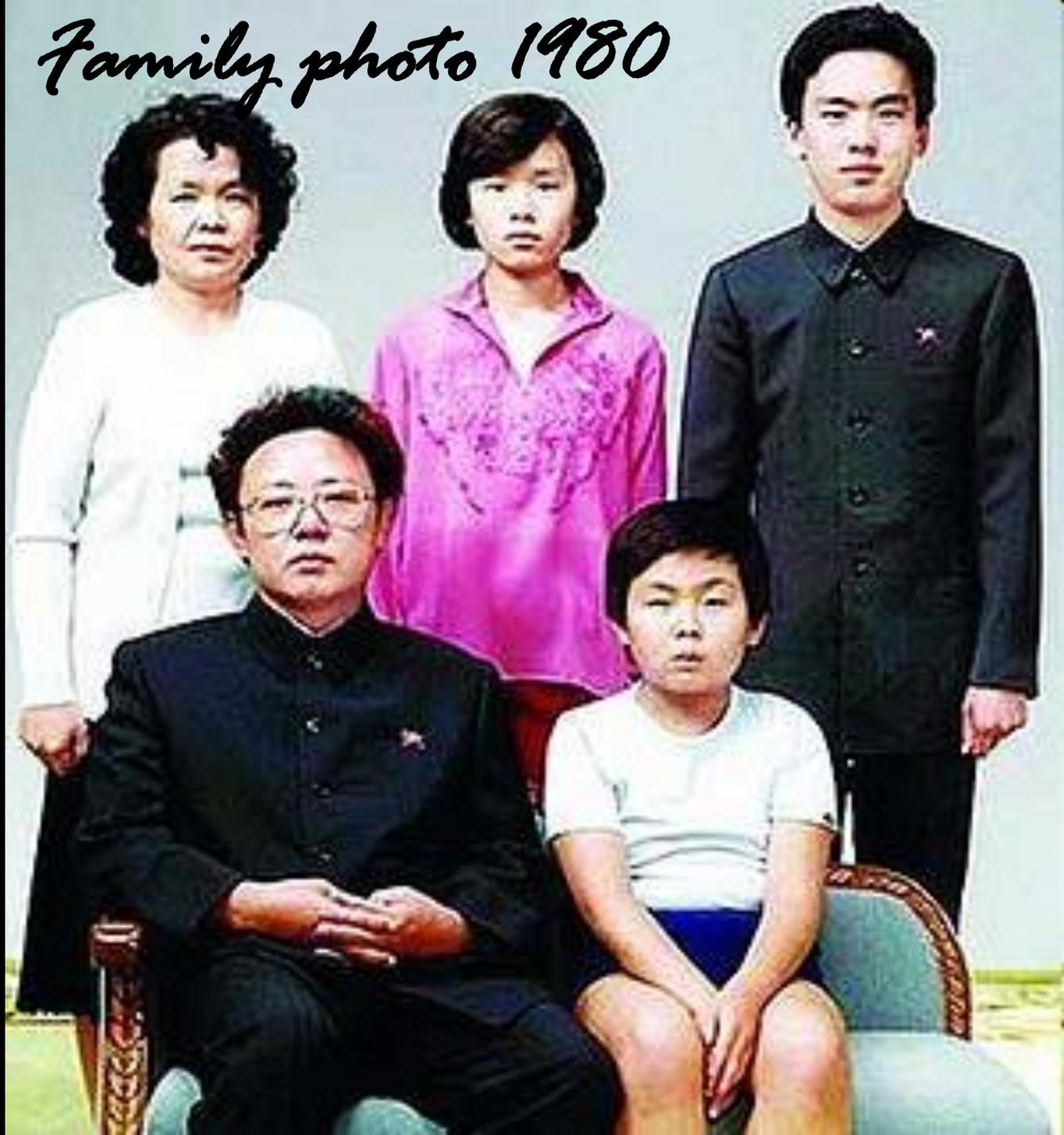
# **Mausoleum to Kim Il-sung his body is on display in a glass coffin**



**“I was at a loss for words when they sincerely stated that they were shocked when he died. They could not believe he passed away. They thought he would never die, that he would live forever. You could see the hurt in their eyes as they freely admitted this. These are smart, educated people, and yet they honestly believed that this man had eternal life. They claimed that, to this day, they still can’t believe that Kim Il Sung is gone.”**

**American visitor to North Korea**

*Family photo 1980*



# *Kim Jung-Un—son of Kim Jung-Il*

**1998—school in Switzerland where Kim Jung-Un went to school under alias**



**Kim Il-sung**



**Kim Jung-Il**



**Kim Jung-Un**





The first pictures of the heir-in-waiting were only released in May 2010 when he was named vice chairman of the Central Military Commission of the Workers' Party and given the rank of four-star general

# Kim Jung-III Died Dec. 19, 2011

Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) report that during his death, a fierce snowstorm paused and the sky glowed red above the sacred Mount Paektu. The ice on a famous lake also cracked so loud, it seemed to shake the Heavens and the Earth



**The official residence of North Korea's head of state until President Kim Il-sung's death. It has since been transformed into a mausoleum for the deceased ruler and his son, Kim Jong-Il. (Both leaders' bodies are inside)**



The authorities recently executed at least two people who were found in possession of propaganda leaflets that had been sent over the border from South Korea attached to balloons



**“Your [Kim Jung-il, chairman of N. Korea] birth as a bright star over Mount Paektu was the greatest event as it promised the happiness and prosperity of the Korean nation.”**

**official media of North Korea, 2007  
at Kim Jung-il's 65 birthday**



**This story out of North Korea caught our attention recently. It described leader Kim Jong Il as a global fashion icon thanks to his trademark zip up suit. The story came out of one of Kim's state run websites. It even quoted an unidentified French fashion expert.**

**Well to us, a lot of this about North Korea is a joke. You know the bouffant hair, the sunglasses, the suit, this is just a great joke, but the North Koreans take Kim Jong Il very seriously and all their propaganda is designed to make it look like the rest of the world takes him seriously too. North Koreans can't get any kind of external media there. They're televisions are fixed to a single station. Their radios are fixed to a single station. They have no internet, and so this is the only voice that they know, the propaganda. And it's so deeply inculcated in them; even North Koreans when they come out of North Korea can't really say bad things about Kim Il Sun and Kim Jong Il because they are taught as little children if you say something bad about Kim Jong Il, you're a bad person.**

***PRI's THE WORLD, BBC radio broadcast, April 12, 2010***

**North Korean using a cell phone in Pyongyang before it banned in 2004  
Dec. 2008 mobile network allowed in, but extremely expensive  
Most North Koreans are restricted to phone use within their own  
villages—whether they use a land line or a cellphone.**



**Satellite image at night shows  
difference b/w North & South Korea**



**In gym class, there was a wooden target of a human figure with pale skin and a huge nose, with “cunning American wolf” written on it. Lee and her young schoolmates would practice their throwing with a wooden “grenade.”**



**“Every home, office, classroom and even train car features portraits of the first two leaders, and the pictures must be cleaned with a special cloth every day. North Koreans wear pins, usually of Kim Il Sung but sometimes of both Kim One and Kim Two, on their chests, on the left to be close to their hearts.**

**Television sets and radios are fixed to state-run channels — being caught with an unfixed device, or worse, foreign DVDs, is a severe offense that often leads to time at a labor camp — and for all but a handful of the elite, there is no Internet. Although an increasing amount of information seeps across the border from China, the state continues to have almost total control over the flow information.**

**High school students in North Korea must complete a three-year, 81-hour course on the history of Kim Jong Un, according to a recent report from South Korea’s KBS World Radio, which cited a copy of the North Korean Education Committee’s “compulsory education outline.” The course is in addition to a 160-hour course on Kim Il Sung and 148 hours of study about Kim Jong Il.”**

**Washington Post, Jan. 16, 2015**

# Kim Il-Song & Kim Jung-Il surround by children (the future)



# Kim Jung Il Funeral 2011



# Personality Cult of Kim Jong Il

- **Walking at three weeks**
- **Talking at eight weeks**
- **He wrote six operas in three years at university**
- **Wrote 1,500 books**
- **11 holes-in-one and a 38-under par the first time he picked up a golf club**
- **Equally a genius at architecture and directing movies**
- **He had the "magical" ability to "control the weather" based on his mood**
- **2010—North Korean media reported that Kim's distinctive clothing had set worldwide fashion trend**



# Kim Jong-Un & wife



# Is Kim crazy?

Why North Korea's neophyte dictator is threatening nuclear war

p.2



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*"The Great Successor"*



# Taiwan



- **Japanese colony until 1945**
- **Chinese Civil War—nationalists lost to the communists & moved gov. to islands of Taiwan**
  - **“Peoples Republic of China”—mainland commun. consider Taiwan part of China (says Taiwan is illegitimate)**
- **U.S. gave economic aid until 1960s**
- **Taiwan—called “Republic of China”**
- **Economic growth—one of the East Asian Tigers or Dragons (Taiwan, South Korea, Singapore, Hong Kong)**
  - **High growth rate & rapid industrialization—1970s-90s**



# East Asian Tigers (or Little Asian Dragons)



**“In their prime, the tigers were voracious job creators... all of them consumed a flood of surplus labor. Workers earned enough to feed their families, educate their kids, buy modest homes and even start businesses...**

**[Better] jobs began disappearing in the late 1980s as China, Vietnam and other low-cost economies opened to investment.**

**Since then the tigers have moved many manufacturing jobs offshore and refocused into areas like software engineering, high-tech services,... there are fewer offerings for the majority of the labor market. ”**

**George Wehrfritz, Newsweek, Nov. 12, 2007,  
“The Death Of Social Mobility”**

# *East Asian Tigers*

- **A.K.A.—Four Little Asian Dragons**
- **Taiwan, South Korea, Singapore, Hong Kong**
- **70s & 80s had quick economic growth**
- **Characteristics:**
  - **Focused on exports to rich industrialized nations**
  - **Double-digit growth for decades**
  - **High savings rates**
  - **Cheap labor**
- **India and China have replaced them (now fastest growing economies w/ cheap labor)**

# Singapore & Hong Kong

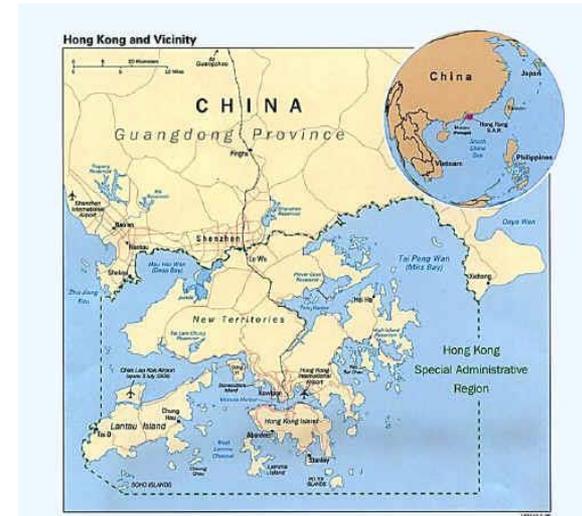
## Singapore

- Used to be **part of British colony** of Malaya
- **WWII** under **Japanese occupation**
- **1959**—Independence as **free port**
- **After indep.**—rapid gov. led **industrialization & encouragement of foreign investment**
- **Now a developed nation**



## Hong Kong

- **After 1946**—many fled mainland **China** b/c of **commun.**
- **Highly industrialized**
- **1980s agreement w/ UK and China** for its return to **China in 1997**
- **Today**—retains **autonomy: own legal syst., customs, money**



# Singapore



# Hong Kong



# Hong Kong



# Asian Economy

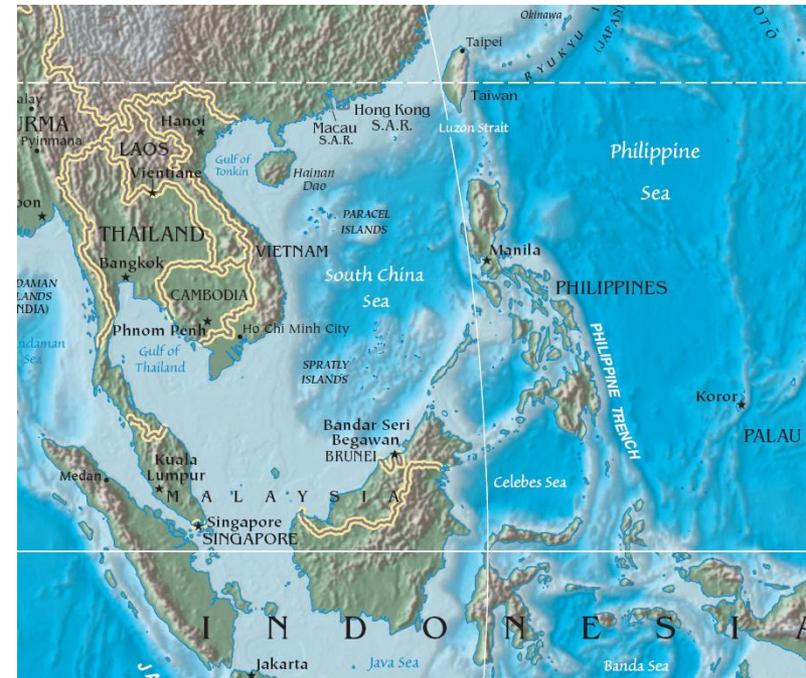
- **SE Asian economies based on rubber exports damaged by decline of U.S. & European automobile industry during Great Depression**
- **1930s—Vietnam became one of world's leading exporters of rice**
  - **Production of export crop left Vietnamese w/o sufficient crops for families**
- **1970s—South Korea was producing inexpensive consumer goods, textiles, steel, & automotives**
- **1970s—Taiwan competed successfully in global textile trade (including supplying variety of products to Japan)**

# *Asian Economy 1980s–present*

- **1980s—Hong Kong** noted for its exports of **clothing & heavy industry**
- **Indonesia** exports exotic woods
- **Korea's Hyundai Corp.** exports automobiles, supertankers, & electronics
- **Singapore**—world's 4th largest port
  - produced textiles, electronics, & refined oil

# Philippines

- Came under **U.S. occupation** in 1890s (after winning the Spanish-American War)
- Japan took over in WWII
- 1946—U.S. gave up Philippines
  - Achieved its indep. w/o violence
  - U.S. hoped this would be ex. for France & Britain



**former Philippine First Lady Imelda Marcos  
when fled country in 1986 they found: 15 mink coats, 508  
gowns, 888 handbags and 1060 pairs of shoes**





